ENGL GU4015
Vernacular Paleography
Christopher Baswell

This class is designed to introduce graduate students (and some advanced undergraduates) to the paleography of English vernacular manuscripts written during the period ca. 700 -1500, with brief excursions into Latin and into French as it was written on the Continent. Students interested in a broader introduction to Latin and the national hands of the Continent should also consider taking Dr. Dutschke’s Latin Paleography course, which is planned to be offered in alternate years to Prof. Baswell’s.

The purpose of the course is fourfold: (1) to teach students how to make informed judgments with regard to the place and date of origin, (2) to provide instruction and practice in the accurate reading and transcription of medieval scripts, (3) to learn and use the basic vocabulary of the description of scripts, and (4) to examine the manuscript book as a product of the changing society that produced it and, thus, as a primary source for the study of that society and its culture. In order to localize manuscripts in time and place it is necessary to examine aspects of the written page besides the script, such as the material on which it is written, its layout and ruling, the decoration and illustration of the text, the provenance, and binding. It is also necessary to examine the process of manuscript production itself, whether institutional, commercial, or personal. The history of book production and of decoration and illumination are thus considered part of the study of paleography, as is the history of patronage and that of libraries; the German term Handschriftenkunde well describes the subject. Manuscripts are among the most numerous and most reliable surviving witnesses to medieval social and intellectual change, and they will be examined as such.

Application instructions: E-mail Professor Christopher Baswell (cbaswell@barnard.edu) with the subject heading "Vernacular Paleography." In your message, include basic information: your name, school, major, year of study, and relevant courses taken, along with a brief statement about why you are interested in taking the course. Admitted students should register for the course; they will automatically be placed on a wait list from which the instructor will in due course admit them as spaces become available.

Advanced Old English: Anglo-Saxon Spirituality
Patricia Dailey

The aim of this course is twofold: one, to provide an advanced-level course in Old English literature involving weekly translation; and two, to explore the shape and possibilities of what “Anglo-Saxon spirituality” might be. The primary texts we will be translating will consist in homilies, poetry, treatises, sermons, hymns, prayers, penitentials, letters, and so called “secular” poetry like riddles. We will aim at covering selected materials from the four main manuscripts of Anglo-Saxon poetry (Vercelli, Junius, Nowell, and Exeter) to examine the extent to which they celebrate or veil theological interests. Part our time will involve assessing the prevalent distinction between secular and religious cultures, the relation between materiality and the spiritual, the role of affect in cultivating belief and piety, and the relation between Christian and non-Christian cultures and beliefs. Secondary theological materials will be read in translation including Paschasius Radbertus, Ratramnus, Hincmar, Alcuin, Aldhelm, Jerome, Gregory, and Augustine. Selections of Old Norse mythology and runic texts will also be included. The class will explore the of the role of the church in Anglo-Saxon England, debates about the impact of the Benedictine Reform, and the relation between art and theology.
ENGL GU4104

Renaissance Literature and the (History) of Sexuality

Julie Crawford

This class is an introduction both to the study of the literature of the English Renaissance or early modern period, and to the study of the history of sexuality. While we will be looking at issues of sexuality in the literary texts that are at the center of this class, we will also be thinking about the history of sexuality as a field of study in its own right, how it’s been conceived of and practiced, its promises and pitfalls. We will be examining the humanist histories and methodologies that inform much Renaissance thought about human sexuality – theories about bodies, desire, relationships between and among the sexes, materialism, and spirituality – as well as more recent critical approaches. We will think closely about the genres that (we think) privilege sexuality – eclogues, plays (especially those performed by boy players), erotic verse, verse letters, utopia and creation stories.

ENGL GU4209

16th Century Poetry

Molly Murray

This lecture class offers an introduction to the century that witnessed the flowering of vernacular poetry in English. We will read shorter poems in their cultural and historical contexts, as well as considering their formal and theoretical innovations. The first half of the course will cover a wide range of poets, both canonical and lesser-known, while the latter half will focus on the four most significant poets of the century: Marlowe, Sidney, Shakespeare, and Spenser.

ENFR UN4800

Readings in English & French 19th C Fiction

Nicholas Dames & Elisabeth Ladenson

A study of what it meant to write— or to be a writer— at the moment when the novel began to stake its claim to be a major or high art form, seen through the lens of British and French realist novels that tell the story of a writer’s personal and career development. At the center of the seminar will be the question of the novel and its relation to the worlds of journalism and art, and how novels negotiated (through the figure of the writer) their overlap with the newspaper and the lyric poem, or exterior and interior worlds. Class to be conducted in English, with readings from Balzac, Dickens, Maupassant, and Gissing, and possibly other examples.

ENGL GU4201

Early Caribbean Literature

Cristobal Silva

This course is an introductory survey of early Caribbean Literature. Focusing primarily on the seventeenth- and eighteenth-century Anglophone Caribbean, we will ask what the region signified for writers across the Atlantic world and how it shaped natural and political spaces in that world. Given that
the Caribbean was a rapidly shifting zone of economic, linguistic, racial, and class interests, we will consider the various ways that we might narrate a literary history of the region—either distinct from or conjoined with familiar histories of England and the United States. While working toward this goal, we will be conscious of the national, generic, and temporal frameworks that have traditionally shaped literature departments, and ask how our texts resist or reaffirm those frameworks. How and to what degree, we will ask, does the Caribbean disrupt our modes of literary analysis?

ENGL GU4300
Religion and the Novel 1660-1840
Dustin Stewart

Literary historians often insist that the novel is a secular form. Yet authors of early novels in English claimed to be motivated by religious reasons, and many defenders of these fictional works described the experience of reading them (and their affection for them) in religious terms. A whole host of English novels from the long eighteenth century also took religion as a topic, imagining religious characters and wrestling with religious subjects. In this seminar, we will read Enlightenment-era narratives that consider the problem of evil, the challenge of modern faith, the drama of conversion, the frustrations of religious history, the dangers of religious institutions, and the difficulties of interfaith exchange. We will learn about some different categories of religious identity and about the historical and political circumstances that intensified the process of religious self-definition. We will also try out some different strategies for using religion to interpret novels. But mostly we’ll immerse ourselves in the rich and varied religious worlds of the novels themselves, where we will encounter devils as well as angels, the skeptical as well as the faithful, unabashed sinners as well as reluctant saints. Some figures in these books come out strongly against religion, but more of them call for new ways of defining religion or putting it into practice, sometimes for radical political ends. We will frequently see that these early novels didn’t simply inherit religious sensibilities from the past; they also had to invent new forms of religious life and practice, including new ways of reading. More than a few of these patterns are still with us. Some people still agree that reading a novel can be a religious experience, even if they disagree about what that means.

ENGL GU4858
Multimedia Blake
Mark Phillipson

A close study of the historic and material conditions, readerly effects, and subsequent influence of William Blake’s illuminated books. This course examines the interplay of poetry and illustration in these remarkable works, paying close attention to Blake’s idiosyncratic method of self-publishing. Approaching Blake’s plates through digital technology, we will be particularly attuned to the ways they seem to welcome and resist new forms of representation and engagement. Illuminated works we will study in depth include The Book of Thel, The Marriage of Heaven and Hell, Visions of the Daughters of Albion, America a Prophecy, Songs of Innocence and of Experience, Europe a Prophecy, The First Book of Urizen, and extracts from Milton a Poem and Jerusalem. We will trace allusions that these works make to the Bible, Dante, Milton, and eighteen-century mystics, writers, and artists; we will also consider later evocations of Blake by poets, filmmakers, musicians, and online communities. To facilitate close reading
and collaboration, this seminar will make use of Mediathread, a multimedia analysis platform developed at Columbia by the Center for Teaching and Learning.

**CLEN GU4404**  
**Victorian Poetry**  
**Erik Gray**

This course examines the works of the major English poets of the period 1830-1900. We will pay special attention to Alfred Tennyson and Robert Browning, and their great poetic innovation, the dramatic monologue. We will also be concentrating on poems by Elizabeth Barrett Browning, Gerard Manley Hopkins, Christina Rossetti, Matthew Arnold, A. E. Housman, and Thomas Hardy.

**CLEN GU4822**  
**19th C. European Novel**  
**Maire Jaanus**

Our investigation of the European novel in its classic phase begins with the assumption that the novel is the preeminent literary form of middle-class, urbanized, economic modernity: the form that takes as its goal the charting of ordinary, everyday existence within a mobile, secular society, the society that came into being after the French Revolution. Along with symphonic music after Beethoven, or easel painting, the novel was the artistic form that best reflected and narrated the aspirations, dilemmas, and characteristics of the suddenly dominant European middle classes.

**ENGL UN4505**  
**Postwar British Literature**  
**Matthew Hart**

The class on post-war British literature focuses on fiction written since the end of the Cold War, with an emphasis on late twentieth- and twenty-first-century novels. Lectures are structured around the theme of “Britain and its Belongings,” with three main historical and thematic emphases. First, the question of “the contemporary” or “belonging together in time”: What, if anything, makes the period since the 1990s hang together as a literary-historical category? Second, the question of Europe: Is British literature a subset of European literature? How, in the era of Brexit and the European migration crisis, have British novelists represented the country’s relationship to the European continent? Finally, the linked problems of economic globalization and Britain's complex post-imperial history: How have British novelists attempt to represent a world in which “domestic” experiences seem inextricably, if inconceivably, linked to events taking place thousands of miles away? Our answers to these questions will be aesthetic, as well as historical, focusing particularly on innovations in narrative structure, point of view, and generic form.

Authors discussed include Janice Galloway, Xiaolu Guo, John Lanchester, Tom McCarthy, Hilary Mantel, David Mitchell, Caryl Phillips, Kamila Shamsie, Ali Smith, Zadie Smith, and Irvine Welsh. Assignments include weekly reading, a midterm, a final, and two critical essays.

**ENGL GU4504**
Yeats, Eliot, Auden

Many poems and a few essays by W. B. Yeats, T. S. Eliot, and W. H. Auden.

ENGL GU4622

African American Literature II

Farah Griffin

This survey of African American literature focuses on language, history, and culture. What are the contours of African American literary history? How do race, gender, class, and sexuality intersect within the politics of African American culture? What can we expect to learn from these literary works? Why does our literature matter to student of social change? This lecture course will attempt to provide answers to these questions, as we begin with Zora Neale Hurston’s Their Eyes Were Watching God (1937) and Richard Wright’s Native Son (1940) and end with Melvin Dixon’s Love’s Instruments (1995) with many stops along the way. We will discuss poetry, fiction, drama, and non-fictional prose. Other authors include Ralph Ellison, James Baldwin, Gwendolyn Brooks, Malcolm X, Ntozake Shange, Audre Lorde, and Toni Morrison. There are no prerequisites for this course. The formal assignments are two five-page essays and a final examination. Class participation will be graded.

ENGL GU4605

Ralph Ellison

Robert O’Meally

In this seminar we will read virtually everything by Ralph Ellison—leaving aside for now the posthumous novel published as Three Days Before the Shooting. We will concentrate on his achievements as an essayist, short story writer, and novelist. We will explore his literary training and aesthetic values as well as his shifting political philosophies and— to use a keystone Ellisonian word— his stances. As we read Ellison’s fiction and his essays, let us be watchful for Ellison’s positions on current cultural questions: parody and pastiche; technology and the modern; the importance of place— region, city or country, nation; internationality; complex definitions of individuality and sociality; race; vernacular art and culture; and the role of the politically engaged artist.

ENGL GU4613

The 1960s

Austin Graham

This course is devoted to “literature of the 1960s,” in both senses of the phrase: in the semester ahead, we will study authors who wrote during and about that most tumultuous of decades. We will approach the period thematically, reading texts that address distinct historical topics from week to week (the civil rights movement, the war in Vietnam, drugs, environmentalism, and so on). We will also take a broad view of what constitutes the “literature of the 1960s,” reading works in familiar literary genres like poetry, drama, and the novel, but additionally making time for essays, journalism, and songs.

CLEN 84122
The Novel in Africa

Jennifer Wenzel

The main task of this course will be to read novels by African writers. But "the novel in Africa" also involves connections between the literary genre of the novel and the historical processes of colonialism, decolonization, and globalization in Africa. One important question we'll consider is how African novels depict those historical experiences in their themes and plots—we'll read novels that are "about" colonialism, etc. A more complex question is how these historical processes relate to the emergence of the novel as an important genre for African writers. Edward Said went so far as to say that without imperialism, there would be no European novel as we know it. How can we understand the novel in Africa (whether read or written) as a product of the colonial encounter? How did it shape the process of decolonization? What contribution to history, whether literary or political, does the novel in Africa make? We'll undertake a historical survey of African novels from the 1930s to the present, with attention to various subgenres (village novel, war novel, urbanization novel, novel of postcolonial disillusion, Bildungsroman). We'll attend to how African novelists blend literate and oral storytelling traditions, how they address their work to local and global audiences, and how they use scenes of characters reading novels (whether African or European) in order to position their writing within national, continental, and world literary space.

ENGL GU4910

Metaphor and Media

Dennis Tenen

This course offers a survey of major works on metaphor, beginning with Aristotle and ending with contemporary cognitive and media theory. Appropriate for both undergraduate and graduate students, our sessions will involve weekly discussion and an occasional “lab” component, in which we will test our theoretical intuitions against case studies of literary metaphor and metaphor in the fields of law, medicine, philosophy, and design.

I am particularly interested in ways metaphors “break” or “die,” whether from disuse, overuse, or misapplication. In their classical sense, metaphors work by ferrying meaning across from one domain to another. For example, by calling a rooster “the trumpet of the morn,” Shakespeare means to suggest a structural similarity between horn instruments and birds. Note that this similarity cannot pertain to the objects in their totality. The analogy applies to the call of the bird only or perhaps to the resemblance between a beak and the flute of a trumpet. The metaphor would fail yet again if there were no perceivable analogies between birds and trumpets. Similarly, computer users who empty their virtual “trash bins,” are promised the erasure of underlying data. The course will conclude by examining the metaphors implicit such media transformations.

ENGL GU4560

Children's Literature

James Adams
This is a historical survey of literature written principally for children (primarily narrative), which will explore not only the pleasures of imagination but the varieties of narrative and lyric form, as well as the ways in which story-telling gives shape to individual and cultural identity. Drawing on anonymous folk tale from a range of cultures, as well as a variety of literary works produced from the late 17th century to the present, we'll attend to the ways in which changing forms of children’s literature reflect changing understandings of children and childhood, while trying not to overlook psychological and formal structures that might persist across this history. Readings of the primary works will be supplemented by a variety of critical approaches—psychoanalytic, materialist, feminist, and structuralist—that scholars have employed to understand the variety and appeal of children’s literature.

CLEN UN4199

Literature and Oil

Jennifer Wenzel

This course will investigate the connections between literary/cultural production and petroleum as the substance that makes possible the world as we know it, both as an energy source and a component in the manufacture of everything from food to plastic. Our current awareness of oil's scarcity and its myriad costs (whether environmental, political, or social) provides a lens to read for the presence (or absence) of oil in texts in a variety of genres and national traditions. As we begin to imagine a world "beyond petroleum," this course will confront the ways in which oil shapes both the world we know and how we know and imagine the world. Oil will feature in this course in questions of theme (texts "about" oil), of literary form (are there common formal conventions of an "oil novel"?), of interpretive method (how to read for oil), of transnational circulation (how does "foreign oil" link US citizens to other spaces?), and of the materiality (or "oiliness") of literary culture (how does the production and circulation of texts, whether print or digital, rely on oil?).

CLEN GU4414

History of Literary Criticism: Plato to Kant

Kathy Eden

The principal texts of literary theory from antiquity through the 18th century, including Plato, Aristotle, Horace, Longinus, Augustine, Aquinas, Boccaccio, Sidney, and Kant.

ENGL GU4905

The Antigone Project

Colm Toibin and Lisa Dwan

Colm Toibin and the actress Lisa Dwan will be examining the various translations of Antigone and the way that this text and story have been dealt with over the centuries. The class will analyze some translations of the play and also versions by Seamus Heaney, Anne Carson, Brecht, Anouilh and Athol Fugard. We will also work with creative writing students as they make their own versions, and performance students as they work out how the play in its versions could be produced. The class will be inviting in teachers from classical studies and other disciplines, including classical studies, literary studies and law.
ENGL GR6135

Renaissance Drama – Elizabethan Theatre

Alan Stewart

This graduate seminar course focuses on the theatre of Elizabethan England, with particular emphasis on London’s emergent commercial theatre from the 1560s through to the 1590s. It will introduce students to a range of plays in all genres, from *Gorboduc* to *Friar Bacon and Friar Bungay*, with special attention to the output of John Lyly and Christopher Marlowe, and use these plays to explore aspects of Elizabeth theatre, including the playhouses, companies, repertory, playwriting, and the printing of plays. Special attention will be paid to the archival manuscript sources of theatre history and critical study, and a series of current critical debates about all aspects of this rich dramatic tradition.

ENGL GR6xxx

Emily Dickenson, Lyric, and the Question of the Archive

Branka Arsic

TBA

ENGL GR6399

Victorian Poetry, Faith, and Form

Erik Gray

It is impossible to overstate the extent to which religious controversies defined British culture of the Victorian period. It was a time marked both by a crisis of faith and by intense religious devotion, and debates about ecclesiastical and theological issues formed a large proportion of the reading matter, as well as the everyday conversation, of Victorian men and women. These religious controversies are inseparable from the notion of form. New scientific theories about the changing forms of the earth’s surface and its species, as well as ongoing scholarship on the forms of biblical texts and biblical history, called into question basic tenets of Christian faith. These intellectual developments drove some believers away from traditional forms and rituals of religious worship while leading others to embrace them all the more firmly. And this concentration on form, in turn, is inseparable from poetry. The poetry of the period does not merely reflect contemporary debates but actively participates in them. Poetry was widely understood to be a form of – perhaps even a substitute for or successor to – religious feeling, while religion was viewed by parties on both sides of the various disputes as being essentially poetic.

In this course we will read a selection of the most influential Victorian poets, some canonical and some now overlooked (including Keble, Newman, Clough, Robert Browning, Tennyson, Swinburne, and Hopkins), in the context of the writing of contemporary scientist (Lyell, Chambers, Darwin) and theologians (Paley, Strauss, Feuerbach). At the same time we will be tracing some of the most notable recent developments in criticism of Victorian poetry, which after a considerable period of neglect has lately returned to a serious consideration of these issues.

ENGL GR6634
Canonizing African-American Poetry
Elizabeth Alexander

African-American poetry is under-studied, under-theorized, and under-archived. In this seminar we will turn the African-American verse canon with a hand to edifying its scholarly apparatus. We will continually ask questions about the politics of canon formation and anthologizing, as well as read relevant theory in the field. We will study versions of this canon by reading several important anthologies of African American poetry over the 20th century, and we will read critical editions of individual poets which are variously exemplary: Arnold Rampersad’s Langston Hughes, Verner Mitchell’s Helene Johnson, Rita Dove’s Melvin Tolson, among others. We will consider the myriad approaches to writing and publishing on Phillis Wheatley and interrogate the idea of “foremother.” We will also consider the specific work of anthologizing such as Erlene Stetson’s work on African American women poets and Aldon Neilson’s work on black experimentalism. The class will also send students to archives at Columbia, Schomburg, Beinecke, Poetry Society of America, and elsewhere to write short papers and reports on their findings. The final project will be a complete critical edition of the work of a chosen poet—“lost” or “canonical”—or a blueprint for an anthology on some subset of African American poetry.

CLEN GR6565
Varieties of Enchantment
Gauri Viswanathan
TBA.

ENGL GR6631
US Higher Education
Andrew Delbanco

The syllabus itself is still in the works. I realize that students joining this class will in many cases be doing so as a supplement to their regular course work. The idea, therefore, is not to burden participants with long reading or writing assignments, but to create a forum for discussion of issues that are--or should be--on the minds of graduate students today. There will be regular reading, but it's my intention to keep it from becoming onerous. I do ask that those who choose to take the course as auditors (formally registered, or not) commit to regular attendance and participation. “We will have a number of visiting speakers who will address such topics as academic libraries in the digital age; the place of the liberal arts college in the higher education "ecosystem"; teaching "non-traditional" students; prospects for curricular reform; among others.

CLEN GR6842
Migrant Figurations: Film, Literature, Art, and Digital Media
Sandra Ponzanesi

Migration has always been part of human mobility and civilization. Yet migration is often perceived as a ‘crisis’, creating ‘stranger encounters’ (Ahmed, 2000) and producing ‘space invaders’ (Puwar, 2004).
Liquid figurations that posit migration in terms of invasion, wave, flow, and tide are the order of the day. And yet in a digital age, boundaries and borders are becoming porous and virtual so that we now speak of the ‘connected migrant’ (Diminescu, 2008) subject to ‘high tech orientalism’ (Chun, 2006) rather than the displaced migrant.

How can we account for the shifts in migrant figurations across geopolitical borders, genres, and disciplines? How can we rethink migrant figurations through the voices and performances of migrants themselves?

In this seminar, we aim to investigate different theories and practices relating to migrant figurations. We will engage with theoretical texts in order to unpack the main figurations of diaspora, nomadism, and hospitality (i.e. Bauman, Derrida, Gilroy, Braidotti, Butler, and Spivak). More concretely, the focus will be on cinematic, literary, artistic, and digital practices that challenge and resignify dominant representations, from the viral image of ‘Aylan Kurdi’ to ‘migrant selfies’ debates, from Adichie’s Americanah to Hamid’s Exit West, from Ai Wei’s exhibition in NY to Banksy’s graffiti, from migrant films to documentary films (Fire at Sea, The Edge of Heaven, Nine Muses). Migrant figurations tend to stick to the ‘other’. How can we move beyond the sticky signs without losing the material histories of disenfranchisement?